*def* a():

return 5

print(a())

Solucion 5

*def* a():

return 5

print(a()+a())

Solucion 10

*def* a():

return 5

return 10

print(a())

Solucion 5 **(Igual al ejercicio Level 6-15)**

*def* a():

return 5

print(10)

print(a())

Solucion 5

*def* a():

print(5)

x = a()

print(x)

Solucion 5

*def* a(b,c):

print(b+c)

print(a(1,2) + a(2,3))

solución 3, 5

*def* a(b,c):

return str(b)+str(c)

print(a(2,5))

solución 25

*def* a():

b = 100

print(b)

if b < 10:

return 5

    else:

        return 10

return 7

print(a())

Imprime 100, y despues como b es mayor a 10, imprime 10 en print (a())

Return 7, es una trampa.

Solución 100, 10

*def* a(b,c):

if b<c:

return 7

else:

return 14

return 3

print(a(2,3))

print(a(5,3))

print(a(2,3) + a(5,3))

print (a(,2,3))…b<c= imprime 7

print (a(5,3))…b>c= imprime 14

print (a(2,3)) + a(5,3)) imprime 21

*def* a(b,c):

return b+c

return 10

print(a(3,5))

Solucion 8 (return B+C)

Return 10 no influye en la función.

b = 500

print(b)

*def* a():

b = 300

print(b)

print(b)

a()

print(b)

Print (b) 500

Print (b) 500

A() print (b) 300

Print (b) 500

b = 500

print(b)

*def* a():

b = 300

print(b)

return b

print(b)

a()

print(b)

Print (b) 500

Print (b) 500

A() print (b) 300

Print (b) 500

b = 500

print(b)

*def* a():

b = 300

print(b)

return b

print(b)

b=a()

print(b)

print (b) = 500

print(b)=500

b=a() = 500=300

print (b) = 300

*def* a():

print(1)

b()

print(2)

*def* b():

print(3)

a()

Solucion 1,3,2

*def* a():

print(1)

x = b()

print(x)

return 10

*def* b():

print(3)

return 5

y = a()

print(y)

Print (1) =1

Print (x)= 3

Return 5

Return 10